

ஐவ் திர்ச்சேய / புதிய பாடத்திட்டம் / New Syllabus

NEW

ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව
 திணைக்களம் இலங்கைப் பரீட்சைத் திணைக்களம் இலங்கைப் பரීட்சைத் திணைக்களம் இலங்கைப் பரීட்சைத் திணைக்களம் இலங்கைப் பரීட்சைத் திணைக்களம்
 Examinations, Sri Lanka Department of Examinations, Sri Lanka Department of Examinations, Sri Lanka Department of Examinations, Sri Lanka Department of Examinations, Sri Lanka
 මේන්තුව ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව
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අධ්‍යයන පොදු සහතික පත්‍ර (උසස් පෙළ) විභාගය, 2020
 கல்விப் பொதுத் தராதரப் பத்திர (உயர் தர)ப் பரீட்சை, 2020
 General Certificate of Education (Adv. Level) Examination, 2020

கிறிஸ்தவ	இசுலாமிய	I
Christian	Muslim	I
Civilization	Civilization	I

49 E I

பேரே டைக்கி
இரண்டு மணித்தியாலம்
Two hours

Instructions:

- * **Answer all the questions.**
- * **Write your *Index Number* in the space provided in the answer sheet.**
- * **Instructions are given on the back of the answer sheet. Follow those carefully.**
- * **In each of the questions 1 to 50, pick one of the alternatives from (1), (2), (3), (4), (5) which is *correct or most appropriate* and mark your response on the answer sheet with a cross (×) in accordance with the instructions given in the back of the answer sheet.**

1. Mesopotamia is situated by the river
(1) Nile. (2) Yarmuk. (3) Jordan. (4) Euphrates-Tigris. (5) Zered.
2. Three books of the Old Testament which were written in Greek are
(1) Wisdom of Solomon, I Maccabees and II Maccabees.
(2) Ruth, Job and Song of Solomon.
(3) I Chronicles, II Chronicles and Job.
(4) Song of Solomon, I Maccabees and II Maccabees.
(5) Micah, I Chronicles and II Chronicles.
3. Vulgate which is a Latin translation of the Bible was done by
(1) Tertullian. (2) Jerome. (3) Cyril of Alexandria.
(4) Augustine. (5) Thomas Aquinas.
4. Which nation subdued the Jews after they were ruled by the Babylonians and before they were ruled by the Greeks
(1) Philistia. (2) Phoenicia. (3) Rome. (4) Egypt. (5) Persia.
5. The geographical units that are situated on the mounts east of the Jordan River are
(1) Bashan, Gilead and Negeb. (2) Bashan, Gilead and Samaria.
(3) Edom, Negeb and Esddraelon. (4) Amon, Moab and Edom.
(5) Sharon, Moab and Ammon.
6. The city closest to Capernaum is
(1) Tiberius. (2) Bethsaida. (3) Caesarea.
(4) Jericho. (5) Beersheba.
7. Israel was a united country during the time of King David. During the rule of which Davidic king was it divided?
(1) Solomon (2) Josiah (3) Rehoboam
(4) Jeroboam (5) Zedekiah
8. After the death of Alexander the Great, Palestine was subdued by the
(1) Seleucids. (2) Ptolemies. (3) Herodians. (4) Phoenicians. (5) Antiochians.
9. The group of Jews who were friendly with the Roman rulers was
(1) Sadducees. (2) Pharisees. (3) Essenes.
(4) Zealots. (5) Scribes.

10. Consider the following statements.

- A - The Feast of Passover celebrated the Israelite liberation from Egypt.
- B - The Feast of the Dedication of the Temple was a pre-exilic feast.
- C - Feast of Tents was called 'Yom Kippur'.
- D - Feast of Tents was celebrated in the months of September and October.
- E - The feast of Pentecost was also called the Feast of Weeks.

The correct statements about ancient Israelite Feasts are

- (1) A, B, and C. (2) A, D, and E. (3) B, C, and D.
- (4) B, C, and E. (5) C, D, and E.

11. Consider the following statements.

- A - King Saul belonged to the tribe of Judah.
- B - King David was the eldest son of Jesse.
- C - King David made Jerusalem his capital.
- D - King Ahaz ruled the Southern kingdom.
- E - Prophet Isaiah lived during the time of King Ahaz.

The correct statements about the Kings of Ancient Israel are

- (1) A, B, and C. (2) A, B, and D. (3) B, C, and D.
- (4) B, C, and E. (5) C, D, and E.

12. The Northern kingdom was captured in 722 B.C. by the

- (1) Assyrians. (2) Babylonians. (3) Persians.
- (4) Greeks. (5) Romans.

13. After the death of Herod the Great, Galilee was ruled by

- (1) Philip. (2) Pilot. (3) Archelaus. (4) Herod Antipas. (5) Herod Agrippa I.

14. "The Kingdom of God has come near. Repent and believe the Good News" (Mk. 1 : 15). Jesus proclaimed these words when he

- (1) met the Tax Collector.
- (2) preached at the Synagogue of Nazareth.
- (3) preached the Sermon on the Mount.
- (4) called Peter to become his disciple.
- (5) came out of the water after being baptised in Jordan.

15. Consider the following statements.

- A - Knowing Jesus since his birth
- B - Being called by Jesus himself
- C - Knowing the Jewish Law well
- D - Readiness to accept the Cross and to follow Jesus
- E - The great ability to preach the Good News

The most important conditions to be a disciple of Jesus during his lifetime were

- (1) A and B. (2) A and D. (3) B and D.
- (4) C and D. (5) C and E.

16. The three Jewish practices commented upon by Jesus in his sermon on the mount are

- (1) Alms giving, Prayer and Fasting. (2) Prayer, Fasting and Mortification.
- (3) Prayer, Mortification and Alms giving. (4) Fasting, Penance and Alms giving.
- (5) Alms giving, Fasting and Mortification.

17. What are the parables of the Kingdom of God?

- (1) Mustered Seed, Good Samaritan, Treasure and Pearl
- (2) Treasure, Pearl, Lost Sheep and Mustered Seed
- (3) Fishing Net, Treasure, Lost Coin and Pearl
- (4) Mustered Seed, Treasure, Pearl and Fishing Net
- (5) Pearl, Mustered Seed, Prodigal son and Fishing Net

18. The climax of Jesus' life lived for the Kingdom of God is best depicted by his
- (1) Birth, Death and Resurrection.
 - (2) Passion, Death and Resurrection.
 - (3) Birth, Baptism and Death.
 - (4) Passion, Mission and Resurrection.
 - (5) Passion, Death and Ascension.
19. The four-fold fundamental tasks of the first Christians were
- (1) Teaching, Living in Communion, Performing Miracles and Breaking of Bread.
 - (2) Listening to Apostles' Teaching, Living in Communion, Breaking of Bread and Praying.
 - (3) Teaching, Performing Miracles, Breaking of Bread and Praying.
 - (4) Preaching, Teaching, Praying and Breaking of Bread.
 - (5) Praying, Preaching, Living in Communion and Breaking of Bread.
20. Consider the following statements.
- A - Chosen to serve the Greek-speaking Jewish-Christian widows.
B - Being filled with the Holy Spirit and Wisdom.
C - Appointed to serve the Hebrew-speaking Christians.
D - Chosen by the Apostles to preach the Good News.
E - Seven proved men chosen from among the members of the early Church.
- The correct statements regarding the Deacons according to the Acts of the Apostles are
- (1) A, B and C.
 - (2) A, B and E.
 - (3) A, C and E.
 - (4) B, C and E.
 - (5) B, D and E.
21. Consider the following statements.
- A - He was a citizen of Cyprus.
B - He was a God-fearing Jew.
C - His conversion took place on his way to Damascus.
D - St. Mark was his disciple.
E - He began his Missionary Journeys from Antioch.
- The correct statements about St. Paul are
- (1) A, B and C.
 - (2) A, C and D.
 - (3) B, C and D.
 - (4) B, C and E.
 - (5) C, D and E.
22. The fundamental Missionary Methods of St. Paul were
- (1) Missionary journeys and writing gospels.
 - (2) Writing epistles and preaching to the Jews.
 - (3) Missionary journeys and writing epistles.
 - (4) Establishing communities and performing miracles.
 - (5) Missionary journeys and preaching to the Jews.
23. The three important personalities involved in the Second Missionary Journey of St. Paul were
- (1) Silas, Timothy and Luke.
 - (2) Barnabas, Luke and James.
 - (3) Peter, Barnabas and Mark.
 - (4) Barnabas, Silas and Luke.
 - (5) James, John and Barnabas.
24. What is the main reason for considering the first three centuries of the Church as the period of heroism?
- (1) Encountered the persecution of more than ten Roman Emperors.
 - (2) The Jewish persecutions were followed by Roman persecution.
 - (3) Though worship was prohibited and properties were confiscated Christians were not afraid.
 - (4) Though encountered many persecutions proper explanations were given.
 - (5) In spite of many persecutions the Church grew very rapidly.

- In the following table details regarding Jewish and Roman persecutions are given from A to H. Using the details of the table answer the questions 25 and 26.

A - Crucifixion and death of St. Peter	B - Martyrdom of St. Sebastian
C - Deportation of Christians	D - Imprisonment of women
E - Martyrdom of St. Felix	F - Applied sulfur and burnt the Christians
G - St. Paul was beheaded	H - Martyrdom of St. Damian

25. The pair connected with Emperor Nero is
 (1) A and B. (2) A and G. (3) C and H. (4) D and E. (5) G and H.
26. The pair connected with Emperor Diocletian is
 (1) B and D. (2) C and E. (3) D and F. (4) E and G. (5) E and H.
27. Consider the following statements.
 A - Carried out his ministry in Turkey.
 B - A disciple of St. Polycarp.
 C - Wrote the book 'Against the Heresies'.
 D - Martyred during the time of Emperor Diocletian.
 E - Served as a Bishop for 25 years.
- The correct statements about St. Irenaeus are
 (1) A, B and C. (2) A, D and E. (3) B, C and D.
 (4) B, C and E. (5) B, D and E.
28. The General Councils and the heresies discussed in them are given below. The correct pair is
 (1) Council of Ephesus - Nestorianism
 (2) Council of Nicea - Eutychianism
 (3) Council Jerusalem - Pelagianism
 (4) Council of Constantinople - Arianism
 (5) Council of Chalcedon - Macedonianism
29. Out of the books given below, the set of books written by St. Athanasius are
 (1) Six Days of Creation and History of Arians.
 (2) On the Incarnation and History of Arians.
 (3) Life of St. Antony the hermit and Holy Spirit.
 (4) Six Days of Creation and Holy Spirit.
 (5) Six Days of Creation and On the Incarnation.
30. The missionaries who served in Europe were
 (1) St. Gregory the Great, St. Patrick, and St. Pachomius.
 (2) St. Boniface, St. Columba, and St. Athanasius.
 (3) St. Gregory the Great, St. Boniface, and St. Francis Xavier.
 (4) St. Columba, St. Boniface, and St. Gregory the Great.
 (5) St. Francis Xavier, St. Patrick, and St. Boniface.
31. The 'Middle Ages' of the Church covers approximately
 (1) 700 - 1200 AD. (2) 800 - 1500 AD. (3) 800 - 1700 AD.
 (4) 1200 - 1500 AD. (5) 1300 - 1500 AD.
32. The Congregation of the 'Clerics Regular of the Divine Providence' was founded by
 (1) St. Ignatius of Loyola. (2) St. Cajetan.
 (3) St. Vincent De Paul. (4) St. Therese of Avila.
 (5) St. John of the Cross.

33. The two Saints who made major contribution to Theology and Christian Philosophy are,
(1) St. Augustine of Hippo and St. Anselm.
(2) St. Anselm and St. Bonaventure.
(3) St. Thomas Aquinas and St. Augustine of Hippo.
(4) St. Thomas Aquinas and St. Anselm.
(5) St. Bonaventure and St. Anselm.
34. The books used by St. Ignatius of Loyola to write the book 'Spiritual Exercises' were
(1) The Flos Sanctorum and the Catechism of the Council of Trent.
(2) The Life of Christ and the Way of Perfection.
(3) The Life of Christ and the Imitation of Christ.
(4) The Way of Perfection and the Imitation of Christ.
(5) The Life of Christ and The Flos Sanctorum.
35. The major reason that led to the conflicts between the Church leaders and the State leaders in the middle ages was
(1) The Church leaders refused to accept the laws of the States.
(2) The States were fighting among themselves.
(3) The State leaders refused to obey the Pope.
(4) Decadence in the spirituality of the Church leaders.
(5) State leaders attempted to keep the Church under their control.
36. Gregorian Music is
(1) Plain chant. (2) Combined music.
(3) Special combined music. (4) Mixed music.
(5) Polyphonic music.
37. Consider the following.
A - a rectangular shape
B - a curved round shape
C - a semi-circular roof
D - a shaped front face
E - rose windows
The pair depicting architecture unique to Gothic structures is
(1) A and D. (2) A and E. (3) B and E. (4) C and D. (5) D and E.
38. The artist who sculptured the statue of 'St. Therese in Contemplation' is
(1) Donatello. (2) Leonardo da Vinci.
(3) Michael Angelo. (4) Gian Lorenzo Bernini.
(5) Giotto di Bordone.
39. The characteristic which is **not** conventional with regard to mosaic paintings is
(1) made out of small pieces of glass.
(2) made out of small painted boards of timber.
(3) depicting magnanimity.
(4) depicting roughness.
(5) depicting beauty.
40. The pioneer who produced modern scientific and technological instruments in painting was
(1) Raphael Sanzio. (2) Bertel Torvaldsen. (3) Michael Angelo.
(4) Pietro Tazio. (5) Leonardo Da Vinci.

41. Consider the following statements.

- A - Following the Latin Rite in worship
- B - Having linked to the Western Syrian Rite
- C - Accepts the governance of the Holy Father
- D - Accepts the Council structure pattern
- E - Gives prominence to Eucharist in Liturgy

The correct statements regarding the Latin Rite are

- (1) A, B and C. (2) A, C and D. (3) A, C and E.
 (4) B, C and D. (5) C, D and E.

42. The first religious group that preached missions in Japan is

- (1) Carmelites. (2) Jesuits. (3) Franciscans. (4) Dominicans. (5) Benedictines.

● Use the table below to answer questions from 43 to 46.

A Benjamin Raphi	B Sinhalese Grammar Book	C Gospel Explanation	D Description of Christian Churches	E Senasampath
F Translated Matthew's Gospel into Sinhala	G Buddhamula	H Baptismal Bowl	I Gnanapallu	J Three Kings
K Sermon on Sufferings	L Bhakthi Prabodhannaya	M Gnanaratha Pradeepaya	N Santhiyoku maiyoor Ammanai	O Birth of Christ Gayamavima

43. The pair of books related to Fr. Jacome Gonzalves is

- (1) B and G. (2) C and K. (3) D and I.
 (4) H and M. (5) I and L.

44. The pair related to the pre-colonial periods is

- (1) A and C. (2) B and F. (3) D and H.
 (4) E and I. (5) J and O.

45. The pair of books related to the Literature of the Portuguese Period is

- (1) B and I. (2) B and L. (3) C and I.
 (4) D and O. (5) K and M.

46. The pair associated with Bishop Edmund Peiris is

- (1) B and F. (2) F and C. (3) F and G.
 (4) G and L. (5) M and O.

47. Consider the following organizations.

- A - World Missionary Conference
- B - Young Men's Christian Association
- C - Faith and Order Movement.
- D - Life and Work Movement
- E - Commission for Justice, Peace and Creation

Out of these organizations that led to the foundation of the World Council of Churches (WCC) were

- (1) A, C and D. (2) A, C and E. (3) B, C and D.
 (4) B, C and E. (5) C, D and E.

48. The country in which Asian Council of Churches (ACC) was founded?

- (1) Australia (2) Sri Lanka (3) Indonesia (4) Philippines (5) South Korea

49. The teaching that does **not** correspond to the teaching of Vatican II on 'Inter-Religious Dialogue' is

- (1) Everyone's Religious freedom has to be respected.
(2) Consider all religions as one and the same.
(3) Nurturing respect towards other religions and traditions.
(4) Fostering the salvific elements found in other religions.
(5) All should walk together in the spiritual journey.

50. Consider the following.

A - Religious doctrines

B - Sacraments

C - Salvation

D - Paschal Mystery

E - Worship Rites

Out of the above the main factors that contributed towards the divisions among the churches are

- (1) A, B and C. (2) A, B and E. (3) B, C and D.
(4) B, C and E. (5) C, D and E.

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Department of Examinations - Sri Lanka

ஐவ கிர்ட்டுரு / புதிய பாடத்திட்டம் / New Syllabus

NEW

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 Examinations, Sri Lanka Department of Examinations, Sri Lanka Department of Examinations, Sri Lanka Department of Examinations, Sri Lanka Department of Examinations, Sri Lanka
 මේෂයට පිළියවුණු විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව
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 Department of Examinations, Sri Lanka Department of Examinations, Sri Lanka Department of Examinations, Sri Lanka Department of Examinations, Sri Lanka Department of Examinations, Sri Lanka

கிறித்தவ நாகரிகம்	II
Christian Civilization	II

49 E II

අමතර කියවීමේ කාලය - මිනිත්තු 10 යි
 மேலதிக வாசிப்பு நேரம் - 10 நிமிடங்கள்
Additional Reading Time - 10 minutes

Use additional reading time to go through the question paper, select the questions you will answer and decide which of them you will prioritise.

* Answer **five** questions, selecting **two** questions from **Part I** and **three** questions from **Part II**.

1. (i) List **four** dramas staged by the Portuguese in Sri Lanka. (02 marks)
(ii) Briefly describe the contribution of **two** Christian educationists who served in Sri Lanka. (04 marks)
(iii) Describe the types of schools run by the Franciscan missionaries who served in Sri Lanka during the Portuguese period. (06 marks)
(iv) Discuss **two** social services rendered by Christians after the independence in Sri Lanka. (08 marks)
2. (i) Mention **four** benefits the Church received due to heresies. (02 marks)
(ii) Mention **four** causes which led to the crusade movement. (04 marks)
(iii) Discuss the contribution of St. John of the Cross for Christian Spirituality. (06 marks)
(iv) Discuss **four** historical events of the first five centuries that revealed the universality of the Church. (08 marks)
3. (i) Name **four** characteristics of the first Christian community. (02 marks)
(ii) Mention the basic ideas found in the first sermon of St. Peter. (04 marks)
(iii) Discuss St. Paul's teachings on the "life in the Holy Spirit". (06 marks)
(iv) Discuss the contribution of the Greco-Roman culture towards the enhancement of Christianity. (08 marks)

Part II

4. (i) Describe the attitude of Jesus towards excluded people of the first century AD in Palestinian society such as sinners, tax collectors and Samaritans.
- (ii) Comment on how the teachings of Jesus on 'discipleship' are relevant to today's society.
(10 × 2 = 20 marks)
5. (i) Discuss how the missionary journeys and epistles of St. Paul became a great instrument for the spread of Christianity.
- (ii) Evaluate how the Sri Lankan Churches responded to the 'COVID 19' situation in enhancing the faith of the Christian Community.
(10 × 2 = 20 marks)
6. (i) Describe the merits and demerits of the edict of Milan.
- (ii) "The cooperation among diverse religions and ethnic groups is an asset to the integral development of a nation." Evaluate this statement.
(10 × 2 = 20 marks)
7. (i) Describe the salient features found in the life of Capuchin monks.
- (ii) Explain how priests and religious could contribute to enhance the integral growth of the laity.
(10 × 2 = 20 marks)
8. (i) Explain how a well developed education system was operative in Sri Lanka during the Dutch Period.
- (ii) "Christianity was spread in Sri Lanka through a well-developed education system of the Dutch missionaries." Justify this statement.
(10 × 2 = 20 marks)

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