

புரளி திர்ஜேஜய/பழைய பாடத்திட்டம்/Old Syllabus

ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව
 D. O. E. Sri Lanka Department of Examinations, Sri Lanka D. O. E. Sri Lanka Department of Examinations, Sri Lanka D. O. E. Sri Lanka Department of Examinations, Sri Lanka D. O. E. Sri Lanka Department of Examinations, Sri Lanka
 இலங்கைப் பரீட்சைத் திணைக்களம் இலங்கைப் பரීட்சைத் திணைக்களம் இலங்கைப் பரීட்சைத் திணைக்களம் இலங்கைப் பரීட்சைத் திணைக்களம் இலங்கைப் பரීட்சைத் திணைக்களம்

අධ්‍යයන පොදු සහතික පත්‍ර (උසස් පෙළ) විභාගය, 2019 අගෝස්තු
 කல்විප් பொதுத் தராதரப் பத்திர (உயர் தரப் பரீட்சை, 2019 ஓகஸ்ட்
 General Certificate of Education (Adv. Level) Examination, August 2019

05.08.2019 / 0830 – 1030

கிறித்தியானி	Christianity
கிறித்தவம்	Christianity
கிறித்தவம்	Christianity

43 E I

பூசு டேகி
இரண்டு மணித்தியாலம்
Two hours

Instructions:

- * Answer **all** the questions.
- * Write your **Index Number** in the space provided in the answer sheet.
- * Instructions are given on the back of the answer sheet. Follow them carefully.
- * In each of the questions from **1** to **50**, pick one of the alternatives from (1), (2), (3), (4), (5) which is **correct** or **most appropriate** and mark your response on the answer sheet with a cross (×) in accordance with the instructions given in the back of the answer sheet.

1. Though there are many books in the Holy Bible, it is a single book as,
(1) it has been joined together.
(2) its theme is one and the same.
(3) it has been bound together.
(4) it has been written in papyrus.
(5) its co-author is the man.
2. What is the epistle which mentions the purpose of writing the Holy Bible?
(1) 1 Timothy (2) Hebrews (3) 1 Corinthians (4) 2 Corinthians (5) 2 Timothy
3. Pentateuch belongs to the category of
(1) the books of Law. (2) Books of Prophets. (3) Books of Epistles.
(4) Books of Leviticus Laws. (5) Deuterocanonical Books.
4. In which king's reign was the writing of the Holy Bible initiated?
(1) Saul (2) David (3) Solomon (4) Rehoboam (5) Jeroboam
5. Through whom did God act in saving the people of Israel from Midianites?
(1) Samuel (2) Deborah (3) Esther (4) Gideon (5) Samson
6. God divided the land of Canaan through
(1) Moses. (2) Joshua. (3) Judah. (4) Joseph. (5) Abraham.
7. An important event that took place during the reign of King David is
(1) renovation of the places of worship at Bethel.
(2) beginning the places of worship at Dan.
(3) establishment of royal generation in which son inherited power from father.
(4) ruling by dividing the state into southern and northern parts.
(5) the people of Judah were expelled to Babylon.
8. The two traditions that began in northern kingdom are
(1) E and D. (2) E and P. (3) J and D. (4) J and E. (5) J and P.
9. The tradition which has a theme of almighty glory was shown only to Moses by God is
(1) D tradition. (2) E tradition. (3) J tradition. (4) P tradition. (5) Oral tradition.
10. Creation of man out of dust symbolizes
(1) God's love. (2) God's protection. (3) Mystical image.
(4) Subjection to death. (5) Lowliness.

[See page two

11. The main teaching on sin can be seen in the book of
 (1) Exodus. (2) Leviticus. (3) Numbers. (4) Genesis. (5) Deuteronomy.
12. In the midst of whose luxuries was Moses brought up?
 (1) Pharaoh (2) David (3) Aaron (4) Abraham (5) Joseph
13. After Moses was sent to Pharaoh, a plague caused after Moses' warning of what was going to happen in future was the plague of
 (1) Gnats. (2) Frogs. (3) Thunder and hail.
 (4) Boils. (5) Flies.
14. Mentioned below are some plagues faced by Egyptians.
 A - Plague of gnats
 B - Plague of locusts
 C - Plague of darkness
 D - Livestock destruction
 E - Plague of boils
 F - Killing of the first-born
- Select the answer which consists of plagues that were performed by Moses and Aaron without having a deal with Pharaoh.
- (1) A, B and D (2) A, C and F (3) A, D and E
 (4) A, E and F (5) C, D and E
15. Easter is
 (1) a shepherdic festival. (2) a cultivation festival.
 (3) a fisheries festival. (4) a festival of various professions.
 (5) a festival of Egyptians.
16. The story which shows the fact that though God destroyed people who were against Him, He did not destroy the existence of human race is the story
 (1) about tower of Babel.
 (2) of Adam and Eve.
 (3) of Isaac who was offered as a sacrifice.
 (4) about the flood.
 (5) of Sodom and Gomorrah.
17. People of Israel who led a tribal life became a civilized nation
 (1) by being faithful to Beatitudes.
 (2) by being faithful to covenant of Sinai.
 (3) by believing in Baal gods.
 (4) through political influence.
 (5) through social influence.
18. Given below are names of certain prophets
 A - Isaiah
 B - Hoshea
 C - Joel
 D - Ezekiel
 E - Jeremiah
- Which are the letters that indicate the major prophets among the mentioned above?
- (1) A, B and C (2) A, B and D (3) A, D and E
 (4) B, C and D (5) C, D and E
19. The region that prophet Ezekiel prophesied was
 (1) Palestine. (2) Assyria. (3) Egypt. (4) Babylon. (5) Samaria.

20. The saying, "O daughter of Zion, your king comes to you" is narrated in the Holy Bible by
 (1) Prophet Joel. (2) Prophet Isaiah. (3) Prophet Ezekiel.
 (4) Prophet Micah. (5) Prophet Zechariah.
21. Though not seen in public, the prophet who spoke of hidden injustice in the society is
 (1) Isaiah. (2) Jeremiah. (3) Amos. (4) Ezekiel. (5) Micah.
22. The group of people who acted as Roman henchmen in Jewish society in order to get more advantages and benefits from the power of Roman empire is
 (1) Herodians. (2) Pharisees. (3) Esenians. (4) Sadducees. (5) Scribes.
23. A group of people who were considered low in social status was
 (1) Pharisees. (2) Sadducees. (3) Herodians. (4) Samaritans. (5) Esenians.
24. Who are the two evangelists mentioned about the childhood of Jesus?
 (1) Mark - Matthew (2) Luke - Matthew (3) John - Mark
 (4) Matthew - John (5) Mark - Luke
25. Tearing of the curtain of the temple into two symbolizes
 (1) the expression of the anguish of Christ.
 (2) the opening of the way to God by Christ.
 (3) the doubtfulness of the existence of God.
 (4) a pre-announcement of the Resurrection.
 (5) the message of Resurrection revealed through environmental changes.
26. The one who acted as leader of Greek-Jewish people after Stephan is
 (1) Jacob. (2) Paul. (3) Ananias. (4) Philip. (5) Baranbas.
27. A city which can be considered as a Greek cultural centre and has given birth to many experts and philosophers is
 (1) Tarsis. (2) Ephesus. (3) Antioch. (4) Lystra. (5) Corinth.
28. What is the council which gave a momentum to Mariology?
 (1) Ephesus. (2) Nicene. (3) Chalcedon.
 (4) Constantinople. (5) Trent.
29. The most skillful debater among the debaters is
 (1) St. Gregory the Great. (2) St. Ambrose. (3) St. Augustine.
 (4) St. Basil the Great. (5) St. Justin.
30. Heresy that rejected the human nature which was embedded in Christ was
 (1) Pelagianism. (2) Aryanism. (3) Eutychianism. (4) Nestorianism. (5) Subordinationism.
31. Who were named as Great Church Fathers by Pope Boniface VIII?
 (1) St. Jerome, St. Augustine, St. Ambrose and St. Gregory
 (2) St. Gregory, St. Basil the Great, St. Jerome and St. Athanasius
 (3) St. John Chrysostom, St. Gregory, St. Jerome and St. Augustine
 (4) St. Polycarp, St. Ignatius, St. Gregory and St. Jerome
 (5) St. Ambrose, St. Gregory, St. Polycarp and St. Jerome
32. The heresy that said Christ is another creature of God is known as
 (1) Eutychian. (2) Nestorian. (3) Arian. (4) Monipitian. (5) Pelagian.
33. What is the reason of holding the council of Ephesus in 431 A.D.?
 (1) To respond to Subordinationism
 (2) To respond to Nestorian heresy
 (3) To respond to Eutychian heresy
 (4) To respond to Arian heresy.
 (5) To respond to Monipitianism

34. The father of the Church named in history as head of Alexandrian school is
 (1) St. Cyril. (2) St. Jerome. (3) St. Origen. (4) St. Justin. (5) St. Tertullian.
35. What is the council which recognized the Creed recited in the Eucharistic celebration as a Church dogma and directed to use it?
 (1) Council of Jerusalem. (2) Council of Nicaea. (3) Council of Chalcedon.
 (4) Council of Ephesus. (5) Council of Constantinople.
36. The one who pioneered to save Rome from the attacks of the leader of Attila the 'Hun' tribe was
 (1) Pope Gregory the Great. (2) Pope John XII. (3) Pope Leo I.
 (4) St. Boniface. (5) Pope Sylvester II.
37. The book called 'Institutes of the Christian Religion' was published by
 (1) Martin Luther. (2) John Wesley. (3) William Booth.
 (4) Ulrich Zwingli. (5) John Calvin.
38. The reason that caused the birth of Greek Orthodox Church deviating from Eastern Church in 1054 A.D. was
 (1) rejection of Sacraments. (2) rejection of Holy Bible.
 (3) rejection of Holy Eucharist. (4) rejection of God's will of one Church.
 (5) rejection of indulgences.
39. "Theology is faith seeking understanding." This was introduced by
 (1) John Calvin. (2) Peter Lombard. (3) St. Augustine.
 (4) Martin Luther. (5) Anselm of Canterbury.
40. The monastic life of Carmelite Religious Order was introduced to England by
 (1) St. Simon Stock. (2) Theresa of Avila. (3) John of the Cross.
 (4) Francis of Assisi. (5) Peter Canisius.
41. The first congregation which was initiated to get the involvement of women in apostolic mission is
 (1) Holy Family congregation. (2) Carmelite congregation.
 (3) Holy Angles congregation. (4) Sisters of Charity.
 (5) Good Shepherd congregation.
42. The book, 'The Christian Topography' which is an important source when studying the Christian Church history of this country, was written by
 (1) Robert Knox. (2) Cosmas Indicopleustes. (3) Senarath Paranavithana.
 (4) Fr. Gonzalves. (5) Don Geronimo.
43. Who presented the opinion that, it was Christ who has been referred to as 'Abhisheka Jīna' in the church built by Migara the Commander, a Christian that came from India during the time of Sigirya?
 (1) Abuzeid. (2) Senarath Paranavithana. (3) A.R. Ayrton.
 (4) Benjamin Rabai. (5) Leonard Woolf.
44. Under what name did the King Dharmapala embrace Christianity in 1557?
 (1) Mayadunne (2) Don Juwan Dharmapala (3) Juwan de Vila
 (4) Raigam Bandara (5) Antonio
45. Due to which characteristic were the Catholic missionaries able to perform easily the evangelization activities during Portuguese period?
 (1) Proficiency in language skills (2) Simple life style (3) Feudalism
 (4) Social life style (5) Provision of Financial aid

46. Under which regime were the translation of the Holy Bible into Sinhala and its spreading among people were initiated?
(1) Portuguese (2) Dutch (3) English (4) Sinhalese (5) Tamil
47. The Holy Bible was translated into Tamil by
(1) Fr. Gnanaprakasara. (2) Peduru Puliver. (3) Fr. Suan Carval.
(4) Percival Ayer. (5) Henry Henricus.
48. Mentioned below are some important books of Sri Lankan Christian Church history.
A - Veda Kavvya
B - Mangala Geethaya
C - Constantheenu Hatana
D - Mahopadeshaya
E - Nallur Swami
Select the option which gives the books written only by Fr. Jacome Gonzalves.
(1) A and B (2) A and E (3) B and C (4) B and D (5) C and D
49. The Christian Church which has two dioceses or dioceses in this country and engage in mission is
(1) Church of Ceylon. (2) Methodist Church. (3) Baptist Church.
(4) Christian Reformed Church. (5) South Indian Church.
50. The effort or dedication for one church and one Christ by putting aside all divisions which took place in the past is
(1) Ecumenical dialogue of Christian Churches.
(2) Unity among Christian Churches.
(3) Meeting of Christian Churches.
(4) Participation of Christian Churches.
(5) Organization of Christian Churches.

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Department of Examinations Sri Lanka

Department of Examinations Sri Lanka

புரனி நிர்ணய/பழைய பாடத்திட்டம்/Old Syllabus

OLD

ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව
 திணைக்களம் இலங்கைப் பரீட்சைத் திணைக்களம் இலங்கைப் பரීட்சைத் திணைக்களம் இலங்கைப் பரීட்சைத் திணைக்களம் இலங்கைப் பரīட்சைத் திணைக்களம்
 Examinations, Sri Lanka Department of Examinations, Sri Lanka Examinations, Sri Lanka Examinations, Sri Lanka Examinations, Sri Lanka
 මේන්තුව ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව
 Department of Examinations, Sri Lanka Department of Examinations, Sri Lanka Department of Examinations, Sri Lanka Department of Examinations, Sri Lanka
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 கல்விப் பொதுத் தராதரப் பத்திர (உயர் தர)ப் பரீட்சை, 2019 ஓகஸ்ட்
 General Certificate of Education (Adv. Level) Examination, August 2019

கிறித்தவம்	II
Christianity	II

43 E II

06.08.2019 / 0830 – 1140

மூன்று மணித்தியாலம்
Three hours

අමතර කියවීමේ කාලය - මිනිත්තු 10 යි
 மேலதிக வாசிப்பு நேரம் - 10 நிமிடங்கள்
Additional Reading Time - 10 minutes

Use **additional reading time** to go through the question paper, select the questions and decide on the questions that you give priority in answering.

Instructions:

* Answer **five** questions selecting **two** questions from **Part I** and **three** questions from **Part II**.

Part I

1. (i) State in **four** points, the way the co-author acted when the Holy Bible was written.
(ii) State **four** points that were symbolized by 'the serpent' in the ancient eastern world.
(iii) Name **four** regions which belong to Samaria.
(iv) State in **four** points, the difference between the nature of the body at the moment of death and nature of the body at the moment of rising as mentioned by St. Paul.
(v) State in **four** points, the service rendered to the society by Philip who acted as the Greek-Jewish leader after Stephen.
(04 × 5 = 20 marks)
2. (i) Write **four** opinions that have been presented on the crossing of the Red Sea.
(ii) Who is really the suffering servant? Explain in **four** points.
(iii) Mention **four** new congregations initiated in the time of Pope Pius VII.
(iv) Mention **four** reasons that influenced the success of Portuguese missionary endeavour in this country.
(v) Name **four** reports related to the Last Supper.
(04 × 5 = 20 marks)
3. (i) Mention **four** fields where injustice occurs in the society according to the prophetic teachings.
(ii) Mention **four** similar characteristics between the Priestly Prayer and Our Father.
(iii) Mention **four** appearances of Christ after the Resurrection as presented by St. John.
(iv) Write **four** influences Greek sources had on Christian Liturgy.
(v) Mention **four** special characteristics found in Roman Catholic liturgical rites.
(04 × 5 = 20 marks)

Part II

4. (i) Describe in brief, **five** occasions in which the people of Israel experienced divine providence during the journey in the desert. (10 marks)
- (ii) Explain in brief, **five** occasions in which you experience divine providence as a Christian in your day to day life. (10 marks)
5. (i) Describe in brief, about the authorship, objectives and basic characteristics of St. Mark's Gospel. (10 marks)
- (ii) Name **five** parables which depict the values of the kingdom of God and explain in brief, **five** messages received from them in relation to your life. (10 marks)
6. (i) Name **three** emperors who occupied Palastine before the time of Christ and describe, **two** special events that took place during that period. (10 marks)
- (ii) Name **five** main teachings of St. Paul and explain in brief, the way they become appropriate to the modern society. (10 marks)
7. (i) Name and describe briefly **five** Congregations of Priests and Religious, which gave leadership to carry forward the work of reformations of the Church in sixteenth century. (10 marks)
- (ii) Mention **five** renewal projects presented by the Council of Trent (1545 - 1563) in order to respond to the teachings of Reforming churches and describe in brief, how they would be of help to your spiritual growth. (10 marks)
8. (i) Describe in brief, **five** missionary policies of St. Joseph Vaz. (10 marks)
- (ii) Explain **five** points in brief, about raising voice by Christians on behalf of rights of various races, social and religious groups of this country in the recent past. (10 marks)

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